

(GARAGE OMITTED FOR CLARITY)

THIS BAR SHOULD SCALE 5M @ 1:100

TRENCH FOUNDATION Provide 750mm x 600mm trench fill foundations, concrete mix to conform to BS EN 206-1 and BS 8500-2. All foundations to be a minimum of 1000mm below ground level, exact depth to be agreed on site with Building Control Officer to suit site conditions. All constructed in accordance with 2004 Building Regulations A1/2 and BS 8004:1986 Code of Practice for Foundations. Ensure foundations are constructed below invert level of any adjacent drains. Base of foundations supporting internal walls to be min 600mm below ground level. Sulphate resistant cement to be used if required. Please note that should any adverse soil conditions or difference in soil type be found or any major tree roots in excavations, the Building Control Officer is to be

contacted and the advice of a structural engineer should be sought.

UNDERGROUND FOUL DRAINAGE

Underground drainage to consist of 100mm diameter UPVC proprietary pipe work to give a 1:40 fall. Surround pipes in 100mm pea shingle. Provide 600mm suitable cover (900mm under drives). Shallow pipes to be covered with 100mm reinforced concrete slab over compressible material. Provide rodding access at all changes of direction and junctions. All below ground drainage to comply with BS EN 1401-1: 2009.

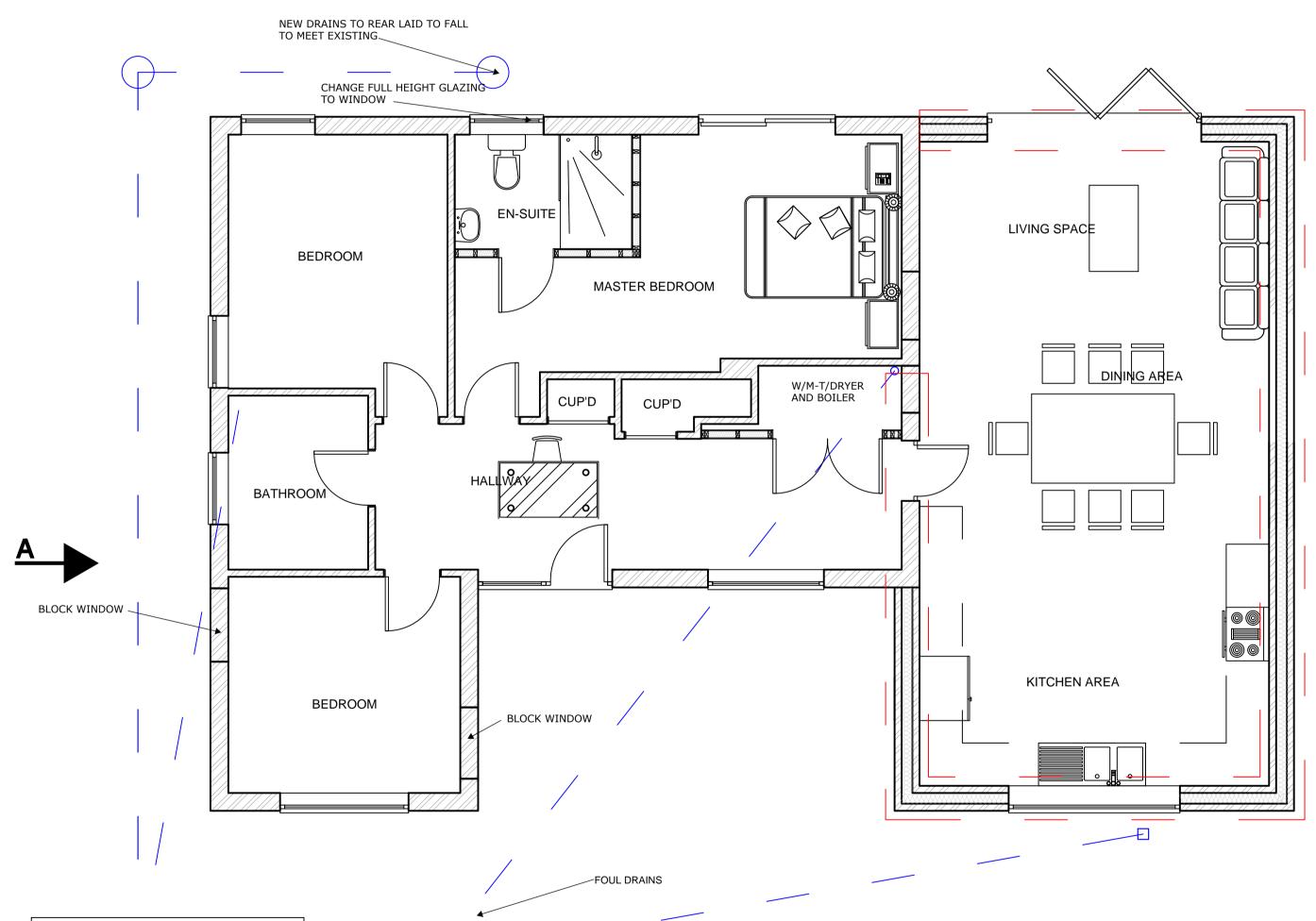
INSPECTION CHAMBERS

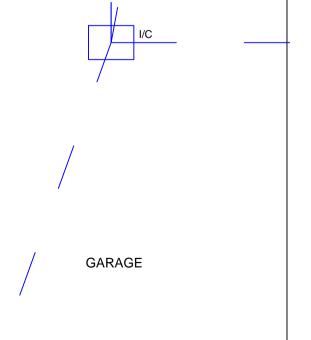
Underground quality proprietary UPVC 450mm diameter inspection chambers to be provided at all changes of level, direction, connections and every 45m in straight runs. Inspection chambers to have bolt down double sealed covers in buildings and be adequate for vehicle loads in

PIPEWORK THROUGH WALLS

compressible sealant to prevent entry of fill or vermin.

Where new pipework passes through external walls form rocker joints either side wall face of max length 600mm with flexible joints with short length of pipe bedded in wall. Alternatively provide 75mm deep pre-cast concrete plank lintels over drain to form opening in wall to give 50mm space all round pipe: mask opening both sides with rigid sheet material and





## **AS PROPOSED GROUND FLOOR PLAN - 1:50**

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All electrical work required to meet the requirements of Part P (electrical safety) must be designed, installed, inspected and tested by a competent person registered under a competent person self

certification scheme such as BRE certification Ltd, BSI, NICEIC Certification Services or Zurich Ltd. An appropriate BS7671 Electrical Installation Certificate is to be issued for the work by a person competent to do so. A copy of a certificate will be given to Building Control on completion. INTERNAL LIGHTING

Install low energy light fittings that only take lamps having a luminous efficiency greater than 45 lumens per circuit watt and a total output greater than 400 lamp lumens. Not less than three energy efficient light fittings per four of all the light fittings in the main dwelling spaces to comply with Part L of the current Building Regulations and the Domestic Building Services Compliance

Extend all heating and hot water services from existing and provide new TVRs to radiators. Heating system to be designed, installed, tested and fully certified by a GAS SAFE registered specialist. All work to be in accordance with the Local Water Authorities bye laws, the Gas Safety (Installation and Use) Regulations 1998 and IEE Regulations.

NEW GAS BOILER

Heating and hot water will be supplied via a wall mounted condensing vertical balanced flue pressurised boiler with a min SEDBUK rating of 90%. No combustible materials within 50mm of the flue. System to be fitted with thermostatic radiator valves and all necessary zone controls and boiler control interlocks. The system will be installed, commissioned and tested by a "competent person" and a certificate issued that the installation complies with the requirements of PART L. All work to be in accordance with the Local Water Authorities bye laws, the Gas Safety (Installation and Use) Regulations 1998 and IEE Regulations.

SOLID FLOOR INSULATION UNDER SLAB To meet min U value required of 0.18 W/m<sup>2</sup>K

**REAR ELEVATION - 1:100** 

P/A ratio 0.5 Solid ground floor to consist of 150mm consolidated well-rammed hardcore. Blinded with 50mm sand blinding. Provide a 1200 gauge polythene DPM, DPM to be lapped in with DPC in walls. Floor to be insulated over DPM with 90mm thick Celotex GA4000 insulation. 25mm insulation to continue around floor perimeters to avoid thermal bridging. A VCL should be laid over the insulation boards and turned up 100mm at room perimeters behind the skirting, all joints to be lapped 150mm and sealed, provide 100mm ST2 or Gen2 ground bearing slab concrete

mix to conform to BS 8500-2 over VCL. Finish with 65mm sand/cement finishing screed with light

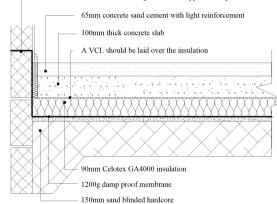
CONSERVATORY RE-FITTED TO REAR

mesh reinforcement. Where drain runs pass under new floor, provide A142 mesh 1.0m wide within bottom of slab min 50mm concrete cover over length of drain. Where existing suspended timber floor air bricks are covered by new extension, ensure

cross-ventilation is maintained by connecting to 100mm dia UPVC pipes to terminate at new 65mm x 215mm air bricks built into new cavity wall with 100mm concrete cover laid under the extension. Ducts to be sleeved through cavity with cavity tray over.

SOLID GROUND FLOOR

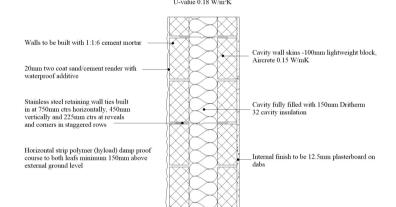
U-value 0.18 W/m2K P/A Ratio 0.5 DPC 150mm above ground level lapped with dpm 65mm concrete sand cement with light reinforcement



FULL FILL CAVITY WALL

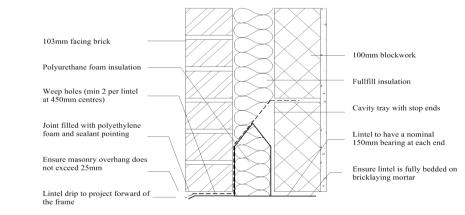
To achieve minimum U Value of 0.18 W/m<sup>2</sup>K 20mm two coat sand/cement render to comply to BS EN 13914-1 with waterproof additive on 100mm lightweight block, 0.15 W/m²K, e.g. Celcon solar, Toplite Standard. Fully fill the cavity with 150mm Dritherm 32 cavity insulation as manufacturer's spec. Inner leaf to be 100mm lightweight, 0.15 W/m<sup>2</sup>K, e.g. Celcon solar, Toplite standard. Internal finish to be 12.5mm plasterboard on dabs. Walls to be built with 1:1:6 cement mortar.

FULL FILL CAVITY WALL



- For uniformly distributed loads and standard 2 storey domestic loadings only Lintel widths are to be equal to wall thickness. All lintels over 750mm sized internal door openings to be 65mm deep pre-stressed concrete plank lintels. 150mm deep lintels are to be used for 900mm sized internal door openings. Lintels to have a minimum bearing of 150mm on each end. Any existing lintels carrying additional loads are to be exposed for inspection at commencement of work on site. All pre-stressed concrete lintels to be designed and manufactured in accordance with BS 8110, with a concrete strength of 50 or 40 N/mm<sup>2</sup> and incorporating steel strands to BS 5896 to support loadings assessed to BS 5977 Part 1. For other structural openings provide proprietary insulated steel lintels suitable for spans and loadings in compliance with Approved Document A and lintel manufactures standard tables. Stop ends, DPC trays and weep holes to be provided above all externally located lintels.

LINTEL AND CAVITY TRAY



INTERNAL STUD PARTITIONS 100mm x 50mm softwood treated timbers studs at 400mm ctrs with 50 x 100mm head and sole plates and solid intermediate horizontal noggins at 1/3 height or 450mm. Provide min 10kg/m³ density acoustic soundproof quilt tightly packed (eg. 100mm Rockwool or Isowool mineral fibre sound insulation) in all voids the full depth of the stud. Partitions built off doubled up joists where partitions run parallel or provide noggins where at right angles, or built off DPC on thickened concrete slab if solid ground floor. Walls faced throughout with 12.5mm plaster board with skim plaster finish. Taped and jointed complete with beads and stops.

ABOVE GROUND DRAINAGE

All new above ground drainage and plumbing to comply with BS EN 12056-2:2000 for sanitary pipework. All drainage to be in accordance with Part H of the Building Regulations. Wastes to have 75mm deep anti vac bottle traps and rodding eyes to be provided at changes of direction.

Size of wastes pipes and max length of branch connections (if max length is exceeded then anti vacuum traps to be used) Wash basin - 1.7m for 32mm pipe 4m for 40mm pipe

Bath/shower - 3m for 40mm pipe 4m for 50mm pipe W/c - 6m for 100mm pipe for single WC All branch pipes to connect to 110mm soil and vent pipe terminating min 900mm above any openings within 3m.

Or to 110mm upvc soil pipe with accessible internal air admittance valve complying with BS EN 12380, placed at a height so that the outlet is above the trap of the highest fitting. Waste pipes not to connect on to SVP within 200mm of the WC connection. Supply hot and cold water to all fittings as appropriate.

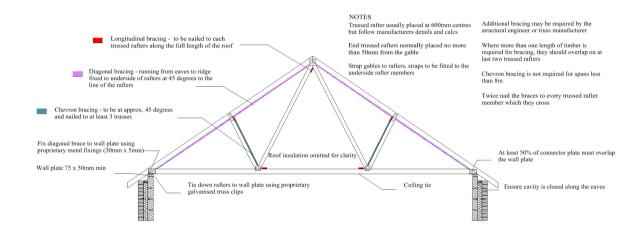
**ELEVATION ON B - 1:100** 

TRUSSED RAFTER ROOF To achieve U-value 0.15 W/m²K

Pitched roof to be formed using proprietary prefabricated manufactured trusses. Design of roof trusses to be produced by specialist truss manufacturer to BS EN 595:1995 and submitted to Building Control for approval prior to commencement of work. Trusses to be placed at max 600ctrs in accordance with BS 8103-3:2009 and BS EN 1995-1 on suitable wall plates fixed using proprietary galvanised steel truss clips. All strapping, fixing and bracing to be in accordance with manufacturer's instructions. Mechanically fix trusses to 100 x 50mm sw treated wall plates using galvanized steel truss clips.

Form ceiling using 12.5mm plasterboard and min 3mm thistle multi-finish plaster. Insulation at ceiling level to be two layers of Rockwool insulation to total 300mm laid between over joists (cross direction). Provide polythene vapour barrier between insulation and plasterboard. Ensure opening at eaves level at least equal to continuous strip 25mm wide in two opposite sides to promote cross-ventilation. Mono pitched roofs to have ridge/high level ventilation equivalent to a 5mm gap via proprietary tile vents spaced in accordance with manufacturer's details. Loft hatches should be suitable designed and installed to ensure optimum air tightness.

FINK TRUSS ROOF



New rainwater goods to be new 110mm UPVC half round gutters taken and connected into 68mm dia UPVC downpipes. Rainwater taken to existing mains drains where possible, if no suitable drains then to a new soakaway, situated a min distance of 5.0m away from any building, via 110mm dia UPVC pipes surrounded in 150mm granular fill. Soakaway to be min of 1 cubic metre capacity (or to depth to Local Authorities approval) with suitable granular fill and with geotextile surround to prevent migration of fines. If necessary carry out a porosity test to determine design and depth of soakaway.

Walls, floors and roof of the building to be designed and constructed so that their structural and thermal performance will not be adversely affected by interstitial condensation, surface condensation or mould growth. Account to be taken of the building's form and orientation in relation to topography, prevailing winds, sunlight and over-shadowing, and the rate at which

Materials with the highest vapour resistance should be located on the warm side of a thermal element. VCLs to be provided where necessary. The junctions between elements are designed to Accredited Construction Details or guidance of BRE IP17/01] and BS 5250:2011+A1:2016 Code of practice for control of condensation in buildings to be followed.

EXTRACT TO BATHROOM

Bathroom to have mechanical vent ducted to external air to provide min 15 litres / sec extraction Vent to be connected to light switch and to have 15 minute over run if no window in room. Internal doors should be provided with a 10mm gap below the door to aid air circulation. Ventilation provision in accordance with the Domestic Ventilation Compliance Guide. Intermittent extract fans to BS EN 13141-4. All fixed mechanical ventilation systems, where they can be tested and adjusted, shall be commissioned and a commissioning notice given to the Building Control Body.

EXTRACT TO KITCHEN

Kitchen to have mechanical ventilation with an extract rating of 60l/sec or 30l/sec if adjacent to hob to external air, sealed to prevent entry of moisture. Internal doors should be provided with a 10mm gap below the door to aid air circulation. Ventilation provision in accordance with the Domestic Ventilation Compliance Guide. Intermittent extract fans to BS EN 13141-4. Cooker hoods to BS EN 13141-3. All fixed mechanical ventilation systems, where they can be tested and adjusted, shall be commissioned and a commissioning notice given to the Building Control Body.

BACKGROUND AND PURGE VENTILATION

Background ventilation - Controllable background ventilation via trickle vents to BS EN 13141-3 within the window frame to be provided to new habitable rooms at a rate of min 5000mm<sup>2</sup>; and to kitchens, bathrooms, WCs and utility rooms at a rate of 2500mm<sup>2</sup> Purge ventilation - New Windows/rooflights to have openable area in excess of 1/20th of their floor area, if the window opens more than 30° or 1/10th of their floor area if the window opens

Internal doors should be provided with a 10mm gap below the door to aid air circulation. Ventilation provision in accordance with the Domestic Ventilation Compliance Guide.

REV D: TOTAL LENGTH OF EXTENSION REDUCED TO MATCH EXISTING GABLE. REVISION C, WIDTH REDUCED BY 1M EXTENSION REDUCED TO ALIGN WITH REAR WALL, CONSERVATORY REMOVED, ROOF REDUCED IN HEIGHT REV B: CONSERVATORY ADDED TO REAR.

1) ALL DIMENSIONS TO BE CHECKED ONSITE PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. (INTERNAL DIMS MAY CHANGE DEPENDING ON EXTERNAL WALL CONSTRUCTION METHOD)

2) A STRUCTURAL ENGINEER MUST BE CONSULTED FOR ALL STRUCTURAL WORKS

4) ALL WORKS TO BE CARRIED OUT UNDER ALOCAL AUTHORITY BUILDING NOTICE

ALL BUILD NOTES ARE GIVEN BASED ON STANDARD BUILDING REGULATIONS DETAILS AND MAY VARY, CONSTRUCTION METHODS MAY VARY ACCORDING TO BUILDERS

3) WORKS TO BE CARRIED OUT BY COMPETENT, QUALIFIED CONTRACTORS

PREFERENCE AND BUILDING CONTROL OFFICER REQUIREMENTS.

THESE DRAWINGS ARE PRODUCED FOR PLANNING ONLY.

